ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

## CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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Financial Section

Financial Section

### RUTLEDGE CRAIN & COMPANY, PC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 3214 W Park Row, Suite E Pantego, Texas 76013

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioner's Comprising the Commissioners' Court of Clay County Henrietta, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clay County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Clay County Memorial Hospital, which represent 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to Clay County Memorial Hospital, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Qualified Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clay County, Texas, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis for Qualified Opinions

As described in Note IV H, we did not obtain sufficient audit evidence to express an unqualified opinion on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, the Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, and the Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position because certain records for a Custodial Fund were not available. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about this office by other auditing procedures.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension schedules on pages 5-12, 46-50, and 51-52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Clay County, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinions section of our report, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Anothedge Crain & company, PC

September 20, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Clay County, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found in the footnotes to the financial statements.

### **Financial Highlights**

The assets and deferred resources of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, by \$9,898,593 (net position). Of this amount, \$5,369,373 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The County's total net assets increased by \$787,685. Although the County received approximately \$1,018,000 from the the American Rescue Grant and approximately \$500,000 from the Coronavirus Relief Grants, these amounts have been reported as deferred revenue. These amounts will be recognized as revenue in subsequent years when grant requirements have been met.

The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,211,305 an increase of \$288,710 in comparison to the previous year.

The unassigned portion of the General Fund Balance at the end of the year was \$3,842,337 or 50.73% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers outs.

Clay County has no bonded indebtedness at the current time.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) fiduciary financial statements, and 4) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Clay County's finances. This is done in a manner like a private-sector business. Two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, are utilized to provide this financial overview.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the these reported as net positions. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flow. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The County, like other state and local governments, utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The funds of the County can be categorized as governmental funds, or fiduciary.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a governments near-term financing requirement.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains fourteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Road & Bridge Number One, Road & Bridge Number Two, Road & Bridge Number Three, Road & Bridge Number Four, and the ARP Grant Fund, all of which are major funds. Data from the other eight funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

**Fiduciary Funds.** The County maintains funds used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and which therefore cannot be used to support County programs.

Notes to Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide, fund financial statements and fiduciary fund statements.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents other required supplementary information. Required supplementary information can be found after the notes to the financial statements. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the County's net position (assets and deferred resources outflows exceeding liabilities and deferred resource inflows) totaled \$9,898,593. This analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2).

**Net Position.** The largest portion of the County's net position, \$4,529,220 or 39.60 %, reflects its investment in capital assets (land and improvements, building, infrastructure, machinery and equipment), less depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County reports its capital assets net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$6,907,038 or 60.40 %, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Compor	ent Unit
	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2021	9/30/2020
ASSETS				
Current and other assets	\$ 7,909,043	\$ 6,100,200	\$ 12,652,310	\$ 12,056,706
Capital assets	6,642,970	6,762,261	3,697,958	2,413,400
Total assets	14,552,013	12,862,461	16,350,268	14,470,106
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3			
Deferred charges	1,665,669	1,295,946		
LIABILITIES				
Long-term liabilities	2,570,912	2,427,356	-	1,227,822
Other liabilities	426,430	482,132	1,417,863	676,602
Total liabilities	2,997,342	2,909,488	1,417,863	1,904,424
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charges	3,321,747	2,138,011		2,442,487
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in capital assets	4,529,220	4,534,963	3,697,958	2,099,078
Unrestricted	5,369,373	4,575,945	11,234,447	8,024,117
	\$ 9,898,593	\$ 9,110,908	\$ 14,932,405	\$ 10,123,195

### Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2021

**Changes in Net Position.** The net position of the County increased by \$2,325,351 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

		Changes in	Net P	osition				
		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities	Compone			Jnit
	si ()	9/30/2021	9/30/2020			9/30/2021		9/30/2020
Program Revenues:	80							
Charges for services	\$	1,906,413	\$	1,739,541	\$	9,996,798	\$	8,238,511
Operating grants and contributions		180,097		86,967		2,487,223		111,400
Capital grant and contributions		-		190,956		29,182		870,071
General Revenues								
Taxes		6,330,621		6,089,144				
Miscellaneous		851,812		965,532		793,748		1,934,149
Unrestricted investment earnings		20,889		46,069		457,069		130,544
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(86,208)		(325,318)		(17,488)		-
Special item		742		<u> </u>		913,500		-
Total Revenues		9,203,624		8,792,891	<u></u>	14,660,032		11,284,675
Expenses:								
General Administration		812,423		828,774		5		( <b>5</b> 7)
Judicial		629,596		647,342		8		2 <b>6</b> 0
Legal		169,020		184,025		-		( <b>*</b> )
Financial Administration		201,636		236,082				
Public Facilities		141,029		182,500		÷		240
Public Safety		2,430,809		2,359,252		-		
Public Transportation		2,181,400		2,175,995				
Health and Welfare		287,738		237,163		÷		( <del>1</del> )
Conservation		86,584		99,029		-		
Nondepartmental		1,510,687		1,133,380		÷.		14
Debt Service		(34,983)		3,398		-		
Hospital operations		-				9,850,822	~ ~ ~	9,987,759
Total Expenses		8,415,939		8,086,940		9,850,822		9,987,759
Increase (Decrease) in net position		787,685		705,951		4,809,210		1,296,916
Net position-October 1		9,110,908		8,321,220		10,123,195		8,826,279
Prior period adjustment				83,737		2		-
Net position-September 30	\$	9,898,593	\$	9,110,908	\$	14,932,405	\$	10,123,195

# Table 2 Changes in Net Position

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

**Government funds.** The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of the governments net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$5,211,305.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$3,321,607. The fund balance increased \$451,505 during the current fiscal year.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights.** Each year the County performs periodic reviews of the budget. State law prohibits increasing total budgeted expenditures except during an emergency, however, an amount budgeted for one line item can be transferred to another budgeted item without authorizing an emergency expenditure.

There was no significant change in the total appropriations for the final amended budget compared to the original budget.

During the year there was a \$926,598 positive variance in revenues in excess of expenditures. Following are the main components of the increase:

\$119,260 Fines and Fees-The County had a positive variance because more citations were issued generating more revenue than expected.

\$108,773 Judicial – The County had a positive variance in Judicial mostly due to having money budgeted for a new Computer and Software that is still in the process of being implemented and less court cost for jurors and County Court appointed attorneys for indigent defense used than budgeted.

\$124,341 Public Safety – The Sheriff's Department had a positive variance for personnel services for salary and benefits from positions being filled due to turn over and the process it takes when hiring new personnel in Law Enforcement. In the Juvenile Department there was less placement to Foster Care than what was allocated to be spent.

\$716,705 – Non-Departmental – some of the items budgeted are for long term projects such as the Court House renovation and restoration these projects are projected but we have not incurred all the expenses for the budget year, what is not used is dedicated for the project at the end of the budget year to go toward the future cost of the repairs and renovation. We also always budget money in our Emergency Reserve for any unforeseen circumstances and have only used a small portion of those funds. The grant money that was budgeted was not all used in the budget year and will be used as allocated and for the purposed it is allowed to be used for in the nest budget year.

There was some change in the estimated revenues for the final amended budget compared to the original budget. The additional revenue was from money received from unexpected grant proceeds and more revenue was received from fines and fees from the previous year because more citations were issued generating more income than expected from the previous year.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

*Capital Assets.* The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2021, amounts to \$6,642,970 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

# Table 3 Capital Assets at Year End Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmental Activities				Compor	nent L	Init				
	9/30/2021		9/30/2021		9/30/2021			9/30/2020	 9/30/2021		9/30/2020
Land and land improvements	\$	164,695	\$	164,695	\$ 378,730	\$	367,357				
Constuction in progress		-		-	668,337		-				
Buildings		2,362,464		2,436,692	879,977		991,612				
Machinery and equipment		3,016,052		3,027,676	1,770,914		1,054,431				
Infrastructure	2	1,099,759		1,133,198	 17	2	34 - 19 3 <u>8</u> 8				
	\$	6,642,970	\$	6,762,261	\$ 3,697,958	\$	2,413,400				

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the foot notes to the financial statements.

### Debt Administration.

From time-to-time Clay County signs lease agreements to finance equipment purchases in the General Fund and Road and Bridge Funds. On September 30, 2021, the County had capital lease obligations of \$2,113,750.

### Table 4 Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmen	tal Activities	Component Unit			
Type of Debt	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2021	9/30/2020		
Capital lease obligations	\$ 2,113,750	\$ 2,227,298	\$-	\$ 314,322		
Notes payable	994 1	5 <b>2</b> 1		913,500		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	328,676	(20,514)	200	15		
Compensated Absences	128,486	200,058		-		
Total	\$ 2,570,912	\$ 2,406,842	\$-	\$ 1,227,822		

Clay County does not have a current bond rating from either Standard & Poor Corporation or Moody's Investor Service.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and rates

The County provides a full range of services authorized by statue. Such services include general government functions such as recording and licensing, maintaining the County and District Court system, ensuring public safety, maintaining public health and welfare, and maintaining county roads and bridges. The cost associated with these services are presented within the financial statement in detail.

### BUDGET

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Clay County's financial planning and control. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Commissioners 'Court. Activities of the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount this control is established at the department level within each fund. All transfers of appropriations, either between departments or within an individual department's budget, require the approval of the Commissioners 'Court, except on the Sheriff's Department Forfeiture Account, the expenditures of the proceeds must be submitted to commissioner's court and clearly list and define the categories of expenditures, except the detail that would endanger the safety of the law enforcement. There is no requirement that commissioner's court approve the budget submitted on the Forfeiture account except for increase in salary, expense, or allowance. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

### LOCAL ECONONMY

The County's economy depends a lot on agribusiness and oil & gas, local businesses that include Manufacturing, Service, Merchandising, Hybrid, Corporations, LLC's, Cooperative, Sole Proprietorships and Partnerships. We have established businesses that employee people and provide services to help keep the economy improving. Henrietta has not had any significant new growth this year but continue to look for ways to incorporate new growth, the county currently has a few new businesses in the process, including but not limited to a new Restaurant, Coffee Shop and Meat Packing Plant. The unemployment rate at the end of September 2021 was down to 7.2% in Texas from 8.3%, a record numbers of workers have filed for unemployment benefits ever since Covid-19 outbreak hit the United States.

### LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

County strategies and plans are integrated into all departmental budgets to ensure unified efforts within County government to achieve the goals and objectives of the County. Texas county government operates under a balanced budget as required by law. This does not mean that estimated revenues must always be exactly equal to expenditures. As financial management practice, members of Commissioners Court should consistently emphasize maintaining sufficient unassigned fund balance levels to meet first quarter obligations of payroll and operating cost and furthermore, this assists in maintaining financial stability. When evaluating fund balance reserve, it is vitally important to maintain sufficient positive fund balance reserves in order to avoid borrowing to meet short term operating needs.

Finally, as a result of the trend of shifting of unfunded mandates by both federal and state levels to local government, it is anticipated that additional financial burden will continue to be experienced by the County and ultimately local taxpayers if other sources of funding are not identified. The County will be tasked with identifying new or additional revenue to counter these expenditures. At its discretion, the Court will probably continue to utilize some amount of fund balance not to exceed what is needed for the fund balance reserve.

The Court must remain cautious in planning for the future budget in the absence of either continued cost containment initiatives or significant additional revenue enhancement efforts. It is imperative that County government continually strive to maintain steady increases in revenue while costs continue to rise.

### INITIATIVES

The County focuses on improving services and making improvements throughout the year that are needed to meet citizen's demands. Some of the Services include but are not limited to adding more staff to the Sheriff's Department. Better internet access so that the citizens can have better access to information from anywhere and anytime it may be needed. Clay County also preserves records each year of various indexes and record that contain pertinent information. The County's safety and welfare for the citizens will remain to be a priority.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Clay County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor's Office, 214 North Main, Henrietta, Texas 76365.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Component Unit
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,765,943	8,747,203
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		
Taxes	193,909	
Fines	675,618	
Accounts	<del></del> )	1,324,200
Other		357,025
Intergovernmental	86,419	342
Inventories		129,112
Prepaid items	187,154	68,697
Other assets		33,632
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>77</b> 1	1,992,441
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		10 SZ
Land	164,695	378,730
Construction in progress		668,337
Buildings	2,362,464	879,977
Infrastructure	1,099,759	
Machinery and equipment	3,016,052	1,770,914
Total Assets	14,552,013	16,350,268
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred pension expense	1,665,669	
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	1,665,669	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	84,579	1,066,352
Accrued liabilities and other payables	32,180	351,511
Due to other governments	202,504	
Due to others	107,167	
Noncurrent liabilities:	1/21/84/3-862/17/2	
Due within one year	443,411	
Due in more than one year	2,127,501	
Total Liabilities	2,997,342	1,417,863
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unearned revenue	3,321,747	••
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,321,747	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,529,220	3,029,621
Unrestricted	5,369,373	11,902,784
Total Net Position	\$9,898,593	14,932,405

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

**Program Revenues** Operating Charges for Grants and Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities: General government \$ 812,423 \$ 310,701 \$ 501 Judicial 629,596 320.615 25,200 Legal 169.020 270 28,000 Financial administration 201,636 ------Public facilities 141,029 20 12 Public Safety 2,430,809 589,674 12,512 Public transportation 2,181,400 661,967 113,884 Health and welfare 287,738 -----Conservation 86,584 ---44 Nondepartmental 1,510,687 23,186 ---Interest and fiscal charges (34, 983)----**Total Primary Government** \$ 8,415,939 1,906,413 \$ 180,097 \$ COMPONENT UNIT: Clay County Memorial Hospital 9,850,822 \$\_\_\_\_ 9,996,798 \$\_\_\_\_\_ 2,487,223 \$ \$\_ General Revenues:

Property Taxes Miscellaneous Unrestricted Investment Earnings Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets Special and Extraordinary Items: Special Item Inflow Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning Net Position - Ending

Capital

Grants and

Contributions

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29,182

\$

\$

Net (Expense) Changes in	Revenue and Net Position
Governmental	Component
Activities	Unit
\$ (501,221)	
(283,781)	
(140,750)	
(201,636)	
(141,029)	
(1,828,623)	
(1,405,549) (287,738)	
(86,584)	
(1,487,501)	
34,983	
(6,329,429)	
	\$2,662,381
6,330,621	
851,812	793,748
20,889	457,069
(86,208)	(17,488)
	913,500
7,117,114	2,146,829
787,685	4,809,210
9,110,908 9,898,593	10,123,195 \$ 14,932,405

CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS		General Fund	Road & Bridge Number One		Road & Bridg Number Two	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Taxes Fines Intergovernmental Total Assets	\$	4,147,154 79,787 675,618 73,475 4,976,034	\$	277,498 27,236  <u>985</u> 305,719	\$	64,100 29,121  <u>796</u> 94,017
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	84,579	\$		\$	
Due to other governments		202,504				1944
Due to others		107,167				
Total Liabilities		394,250			1. <del></del>	5 <b>53</b> (
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		62,386		29,028		30,581
Unavailable revenue-fines		365,948		÷.		
Unavailable revenue-grants		520,730		101		
Unavailable revenue-other		28,000				(***)
Total deferred inflows of resources		977,064		29,028		30,581
Fund balances:						
Restricted				***		200
Committed		283,113		276,691		63,436
Unassigned		3,321,607		940 <sup>20</sup>		- Y <u>44</u> 0
Total fund balances	1.	3,604,720		276,691		63,436
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	4,976,034	\$	305,719	\$	94,017

### EXHIBIT A-3

	ad & Bridge mber Three	Road & Bridge Number Four		lge Road & Bridge ree Number Four		Bridge Road & Bridge Three Number Four ARP Grant		ARP Grant		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	174,635	\$	428,867	\$	1,018,037	\$	655,652	\$	6,765,943				
	29,346		28,419						193,909				
	and the second s				<del></del>				675,618				
	1,334		9,829						86,419				
\$	205,315	\$	467,115	\$	1,018,037	\$	655,652	\$	7,721,889				
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	84,579 202,504 107,167 394,250				
	31,764		30,962						184,721				
	-								365,948				
			1221		1,016,935				1,537,665				
									28,000				
	31,764	3	30,962		1,016,935	-	**		2,116,334				
	**		(1 <b></b> )(		1,102		655,652		656,754				
	173,551		436,153				**		1,232,944				
									3,321,607				
5-51 A	173,551		436,153	1 million 19 <u>00–1</u> 91	1,102	2000 2000	655,652		5,211,305				
\$	205,315	\$	467,115	\$	1.018,037	\$	655,652	\$	7,721,889				

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	5,211,305
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds. Court fines receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Recognition of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	134	6,642,969 184,720 (2,113,750) (32,180) (128,486) 187,156 365,948 (328,676) (1,756,082) 1,665,669
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	9,898,593

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Revenues:	General Fund	Road & Bridge Number One	Road & Bridge Number Two
Taxes	¢ 4.039.067	¢ 200 110	¢ 047.007
	\$ 4,928,967	\$ 306,116	\$ 247,637
Licenses and permits	200,521	124,045	124,045
Intergovernmental	12,512	18,626	28,739
Fines and fees	494,960	33,014	30,572
Interest	15,699	851	176
Miscellaneous	1,346,357	5,700	4,869
Total revenues	6,999,016	488,352	436,038
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	793,592		
Judicial	673,633	2.	(24)
Legal	176,786		
Financial administration	220,286		
Public facilities	149,769		
Public Safety	2,508,747		
Public transportation	and a second	1,278,952	477,566
Health and welfare	293,699	27.	
Conservation	91,626		
Nondepartmental	1,399,352		(###
Total expenditures	6,307,490	1,278,952	477,566
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	691,526	(790,600)	(41,528)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in		60,000	60,000
Transfers out	(240,021)		2022
Sale of capital assets		428,772	13 <del>88</del> 0.
Capital leases		373,512	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(240,021)	862,284	60,000
Net change in fund balances	451,505	71,684	18,472
Fund balances, October 1	3,153,215	205,007	44,964
Fund balances, September 30	\$3,604,720	\$ 276,691	\$ 63,436

Road & Bridge Number Three			Road & Bridge Number Four		ARP Grant		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	414,911	\$	436,840	\$		\$		\$	6,334,471	
	124,045		124,045	2.		(SR)			696,701	
	9,836		56,683		220				126,396	
	37,557		38,473				103,986		738,562	
	666		1,524		1,102		871		20,889	
	8,226		17,111						1,382,263	
-	595,241		674,676		1,102		104,857		9,299,282	
							41,785		835,377	
					<del></del>		(1999) (1999)		673,633	
	2.55		1992		5.5		7,422		184,208	
									220,286	
	3 <b>-3</b>						Cent.		149,769	
	500 C				<b>17</b> 15		350,251		2,858,998	
	678,651		755,023		<del></del>				3,190,192	
	5 <u>75</u>		22) 						293,699	
							3 <b>22</b>		91,626	
							33,369		1,432,721	
	678,651		755,023				432,827	-	9,930,509	
	(83,410)		(80,347)		1,102		(327,970)		(631,227)	
	60,000		60,000		<b>##</b> 3		21		240,021	
							23.545 2 <b>4</b> 7		(240,021)	
									428,772	
	29,336		88,317						491,165	
-	89,336	-	148,317	10	<del></del>		21		919,937	
	5,926		67,970		1,102		(327,949)		288,710	
	167,625		368,183		( <b>**</b> )		983,601		4,922,595	
\$	173,551	\$	436,153	\$	1,102	\$	655,652	\$	5,211,305	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	288,710
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities		
("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		1,156,916
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(761,226)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.		(514,980)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		(3,852)
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.		5,154
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		604,712
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.		34,983
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds		71,570
Certain fine revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		(5,500)
Proceeds of leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds.		(491,164)
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	-	402,462
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$	787,685

CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	-	Custodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,067,417
Total Assets	\$	2,067,417
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governments	\$	1,496,192
Due to others		1,450,119
Total Liabilities	2000 (1997) 	1,641,211
Net Assets:		
Unrestricted		426,206
Total Net Assets	\$	426,206

CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	A 450.050
Tax collections	\$ 4,150,656
Fees of office	1,001,221
Receipts from fiduciaries	2,129
Miscellaneous	286,434
Total Additions	5,440,440
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments to county	1,162,146
Payments to other governments	2,850,266
Payments to beneficiaries	170,095
Other	1,075,675
Total Deductions	5,258,182
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	182,258
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	
Prior Period Adjustment	243,802
Net Position-End of the Year	\$ 426,060

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Reporting Entity

The County, a political subdivision of the State of Texas is governed by an elected judge and four county commissioners which comprise the commissioner's court. The county's operational activities include general administrative services, judicial, public safety, the construction and maintenance of roads, health and welfare assistance, permanent records preservation, and conservation.

The accounting policies of Clay County, Texas, conform to generally accepted accounting principals issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which is the recognized financial accounting standard setting body for governmental entities. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the County's basic financial statements.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the County (the "primary government") is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the County's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the County.

### Discretely Presented Component Unit

For financial statement reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The criteria used are as follows:

Financial Accountability - The primary government is deemed to be a financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and, (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Additionally, the primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or a jointly appointed board.

Clay County Memorial Hospital (CCMH) operates a primary critical care hospital. The County Commissioners' Court appoints CCMH's board, approves its annual budget, regularly scheduled payment of bills, and major capital additions. CCMH is reported as a discretely presented component unit because its services are provided entirely to the public. Separate financial statements are available from hospital management at CCMH, 310 W. South Street, Henrietta, Texas, 76365.

### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fines and permits, and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road and Bridge Number One Special Revenue Fund accounts for certain revenues and expenditures related to the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges within precinct one.

The Road and Bridge Number Two Special Revenue Fund accounts for certain revenues and expenditures related to the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges within precinct two.

The Road and Bridge Number Three Special Revenue Fund accounts for certain revenues and expenditures related to the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges within precinct three.

The Road and Bridge Number Four Special Revenue Fund accounts for certain revenues and expenditures related to the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges within precinct four.

The ARP Grant Special Revenue Fund accounts for certain revenues and expenditures related to the American Recovery Program grant.

### 8

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes (not including private purpose trusts or major capital projects).

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, miscellaneous revenue, and interest income.

- D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity
  - 1. Deposits and investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (5) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (A) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (B) secured by obligations that are described by (1) - (4); or, (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described by (1), pledged with third party selected or approved by the County, and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

Investments maturing within one year of date of purchase are stated at cost or amortized cost, all other investments are stated at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied on October 1 by the County based on the January 1 property values as appraised by the Clay County Central Appraisal District. Taxes are due without penalty until January 31, of the next calendar year. After January 31 the County has an enforceable lien with respect to both real and personal property. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a perpetual lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. Taxes applicable to personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the County.

3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 30 years
Infrastructure	20 - 45 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10 years

### 5. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximate the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### 6. Fund equity

Nonspendable Fund Balance Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commissioners Court through legislation, resolution or court order, unless the Commissioners Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action used to commit the amounts.

Assigned Fund Balance - Amounts that are constrained by the Commissioners Court, or by another County official or the finance division to which the Commissioners Court has delegated authority, that are to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the County's General Fund.

Fund balance amounts represent the nature of the net resources that are reported in a governmental fund. The County fund balance classifications include non-spendable resources, restricted, and non-restricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts. When the County incurs an expenditure and both restricted amounts are available, the County considers restricted amounts to have been spent. When the County incurs an expenditure for an unrestricted amount, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts for purposes in which any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets:

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net assets – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Fines receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

County clerk fines	\$114,434
District clerk fines	170,745
Justice of the peace fines	80,769
Total	<u>\$365,948</u>

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

At year end, the carrying amount of the County's cash and cash equivalents was \$8,833,360, (including fiduciary funds of \$2,067,417, and the bank balance was \$9,090,735 which was covered by federal deposit insurance and collateralized by the pledging financial institution with marketable securities held by an agent in the County's name.

The Component Unit's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law. State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; bonds of any city, county, school district or special road district of the State of Texas; bonds of any state; or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits. The Component Unit's cash balance was \$8,747,203 at year end and was fully collateralized.

The Component Unit's investments, totaling \$1,992,441, are reported at fair value, and are included with restricted cash and cash equivalents. These investments consist primarily of mutual funds.

Reconciliation of Carrying Amount to Balance Sheets:

Primary	Component	Reporting
Government	Unit	Entity
\$6,765,943	\$8,747,203	\$15,513,146
	1,992,441	1,992,441
6,765,943	10,739,644	17,505,587
2,067,417		2,067,417
\$8,833,360	\$10,739,644	\$19,573,004
	Government \$6,765,943  6,765,943 2,067,417	Government         Unit           \$6,765,943         \$8,747,203            1,992,441           6,765,943         10,739,644           2,067,417

### B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Road Bridge		Road Bridg	l and je #2	Road Bridg	A 10 10 10 10	Road Bridge		NonN and C	 Total
Taxes receivable	\$79,787	\$27	7,236	\$2	9,121	\$29	9,346	\$28	3,419	\$	 \$193,909
Fines receivable	\$1,102,203	s		s	-	s	722.0	s		s	 \$1,102,203
Allowance	(426,585)						2 <b>44</b> 21		***		 (426,585)
	\$675,618	\$		S		s	-	\$		\$	 \$675,618

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable	Unearned	Total
Major Funds:			
Deferred tax revenue (General Fund)	\$62,386	\$	\$62,386
Deferred fines revenue (General Fund)	365,948		365,948
Deferred grant revenue (General Fund)		520,730	520,730
Deferred other (General Fund)	: <del>::::</del>	28,000	28,000
Deferred tax revenue (Road & Bridge/ Fund #1)	29,028	8 <del>7.0</del>	29,028
Deferred tax revenue (Road & Bridge Fund #2)	30,581		30,581
Deferred tax revenue (Road & Bridge Fund #3)	31,764	0 <del>07</del> 10	31,764
Deferred tax revenue (Road & Bridge Fund #4)	30,962	5 <del>00</del> .5	30,962
Deferred grant revenue (ARP Grant)		1,016,935	1,016,935
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$550,669	\$1,565,665	\$2,116,334

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Balance 9/30/20	Additions	Retirements	Completed Construction	Balance 9/30/21	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$164,695	s	s	s	\$164,695	
Construction in progress				<u> </u>		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	164,695				164,695	
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings	3,845,099				3,845,099	
Infrastructure	46,336,189		3.00	1.55	46,336,189	
Machinery and equipment	6,487,047	1,156,916	(816,195)		6,827,768	
Total capital assets being depreciated	56,668,335	1,156,916	(816,195)	<u> </u>	57,009,056	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	(1,408,407)	(74,228)	044		(1,482,635)	
Infrastructure	(45,202,991)	(33,439)	9 <del>76</del>	atte:	(45,236,430)	
Machinery and equipment	(3,459,371)	(653,560)	301,215	·	(3,811,716)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(50,070,769)	(761,227)	301,215		(50,530,781)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,597,566	395,689	(514,980)		6,478,275	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$6,762,261	\$395,689	(\$514,980)	s	\$6,642,970	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$761,227
Nondepartmental	102,255
Public transportation	519,062
Public safety	109,497
General government	\$30,413

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended September 30, 2021

Balance Balance 9/30/20 9/30/21 Additions Retirements Reclassify DISCRETE COMPONENT UNIT: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$361,951 s s S \$361,951 Construction in progress 668,337 668,337. Total capital assets not being depreciated 361,951 668,337 1,030,288 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 3,177,417 3,177,417 12 Land improvements 16,779 16,779 .... Equipment 7,129,130 1,097,112 (67,700) 8,158,542 Leased assets 745,538 (343, 330)402,208 ---Total capital assets being depreciated 11,068,864 1,097,112 (411,030) 11,754,946 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (2,185,805) (96,906) (2,282,711) (3,356) Land improvements (11, 373)(14,729) Equipment (6,412,338) (219,342) 67,700 (6,563,980) Leased assets (407, 899)(86,899) 268,942 (225,856) Total accumulated depreciation (9,017,415) (406,503) 336,642 (9,087,276) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 2,051,449 690,609 2,667,670 --\$3,697,958 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$2,413,400 \$1,358,946 s 1.1 S ....

### D. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

There were no interfund receivable balances as of September 30, 2021.

Interfund transfers:

Fund	Transfer I	n Transfer Out
Major Governmental Funds		
General Fund	\$	\$240,021
Road and Bridge Number One	60,00	0
Road and Bridge Number Two	60,00	0
Road and Bridge Number Three	60,00	0
Road and Bridge Number Four	60,00	0
NonMajor Governmental Funds		
County Attorney	2	1
Total	\$240,02	1 \$240,021

Transfers were made to subsidize the Road and Bridge Funds, and the County Attorney Fund.

### E. Long-term debt

From time to time, the County issues general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation bonds, notes payable and capital lease obligations to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of equipment and major capital facilities. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

The County leases equipment with a historical cost and accumulated amortization of \$3,410,466 and \$1,171,059 respectively, under capital lease arrangements.

Capital Lease Obligations Currently Outstanding:

Purpose	Original Amount	Date of Lease	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Balance 09/30/21
2017 John Deere 672G Motor Gr.	\$273,605	6/26/17	6/15/22	2.69%	\$186,206
2020 CAT Motor Grader	258,043	7/17/20	7/17/25	2.55%	236,955
2019 JD Motor Grader	225,896	7/23/19	7/23/24	3.85%	187,263
2019 JD Motor Grader	223,527	7/23/19	7/23/24	2.50%	184,768
2015 420F Cat Backhoe	51,260	8/15/18	8/15/23	3.65%	17,989
2019 Mack Truck	88,317	7/30/21	2/15/26	2.50%	88,317
2017 Bomag	59,117	7/14/20	6/26/24	2.50%	44,467
2015 CAT 924 Wheel Loader	130,314	6/29/20	6/29/25	2.25%	64,861
2021 Dodge Pickup	29,336	9/15/21	1/15/25	2.43%	29,336
2016 420 F2 Backhoe	72,422	7/13/20	7/13/25	2.58%	27,044
2017 Mack Truck #5509 CAT	104,971	7/13/20	3/30/25	2.58%	66,109
2016 JD Tractor	119,699	9/30/16	11/15/21	2.55%	48,090
2020 CAT 140 M2 Motor Grader	270,081	7/17/20	7/17/25	2.50%	246,604
2021 CAT 140 M3 Motor Grader	125,424	6/28/21	6/28/26	2.50%	125,424
2021 CAT 140 M3 Motor Grader	122,790	6/28/21	6/28/23	2.50%	122,790
2021 CAT 140 M3 Motor Grader	125,298	6/28/21	6/28/26	2.50%	125,298
2017 John Deere 672G Motor Gr.	273,605	6/26/17	6/15/22	2.69%	186,206
2014 CAT Motor Grader	141,100	8/14/20	3/01/25	2.50%	126,023
Total Leases Payable					\$2,113,750

Capital lease obligation debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year	Total
2022	\$367,363
2023	593,035
2024	503,089
2025	617,279
2026	186,034
Total payments	2,266,800
Less imputed interest	(153,050)
Total Capital Lease Obligations	\$2,113,750

### CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

Balance 09/30/20	Additions	Retirements	Balance 09/30/21	Due Within One Year
\$2,227,298	\$491,164	(\$604,712)	\$2,113,750	\$314,925
(20,514)	349,190		328,676	. <del></del>
200,058	128,486	(200,058)	128,486	128,486
\$2,406,842	\$968,840	(\$804,770)	\$2,570,912	\$443,411
	09/30/20 \$2,227,298 (20,514) 200,058	09/30/20         Additions           \$2,227,298         \$491,164           (20,514)         349,190           200,058         128,486	09/30/20         Additions         Retirements           \$2,227,298         \$491,164         (\$604,712)           (20,514)         349,190            200,058         128,486         (200,058)	Og/30/20         Additions         Retirements         Og/30/21           \$2,227,298         \$491,164         (\$604,712)         \$2,113,750           (20,514)         349,190          328,676           200,058         128,486         (200,058)         128,486

For the governmental activities, claims and judgements are generally liquidated by the general fund.

	Balance 09/30/20 Additions Retirements		Retirements	ements 09/30/21		Due Within One Year		
Discrete Component Unit:								
Capital leases	\$314,322	S		(\$314,322)	S		\$	255
Notes payable	913,500			(913,500)				722
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$1,227,822	\$	÷	(\$1,227,822)	s		s	

### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Risk management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various nature. The County participates in the Texas Association of Counties Intergovernmental Risk Pool (Pool) which provides protection for risks of loss. Premiums are paid to the Pool which retains the risk of loss beyond the County's policy deductibles. Any losses reported but unsettled or incurred and not reported, are believed to be insignificant to the County's basic financial statements. For the last three years, there have been no significant reductions of insurance coverage or insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage.

### B. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County periodically is defendant in various lawsuits. As of September 30, 2021, after consultation with the County's attorney, the County is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

The District Clerk has invested trust funds at various financial institutions in accordance with court orders. The County has a fiduciary responsibility over these funds until their final disposition.

### C. Retirement Commitments

1. Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multi-employer public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas, 78768-20343.

The plan provisions are adopted by the County commissioners' court, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years regardless of age or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump-sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the County commissioners' court within the constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contribution and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

2. Benefits

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS.

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries) currently receiving benefits	71
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	33
Active employees	75
	179

### 3. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS was 7% of employee gross earnings, and the County percentages was 11.77% for October 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, and 11.00% for January 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, both as adopted by the governing body of the County. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each County is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2021, were \$391,092 and were equal to the required contributions.

4. Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entryage group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.60% per year for a career employee.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 - December 31, 2016 except where required to be different by GASB 68. For the year ended December 31, 2017, new annuity purchase rates were reflected to benefits earned after 2017. The current service rate was increased to 155% in 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.6%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TCDRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Geometric Real
	3 <u>2</u> 7	Rate of Return
	Target	(Expected minus
Asset Class	Allocation	Inflation)
US Equities	11.50%	4.25%
Global Equities	2.50%	4.55%
International Equities - Developed	5.00%	4.25%
International Equities - Emerging	6.00%	4.75%
Investment - Grade Bonds	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	9.00%	2.11%
Direct Lending	16.00%	6.70%
Distressed Debt	4.00%	5.70%
REIT Equities	2.00%	3.45%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	2.00%	5.10%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	6.00%	4.90%
Private Equity	25.00%	7.25%
Hedge Funds	6.00%	1.85%
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	-0.70%
	100.00%	

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### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability (Asset) was 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability (Asset).

### Changes in the net pension liability

		Increase (Decrease)	
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability(Asset)
	[a]	[b]	[a] - (b)
Balance at 12/31/19	\$16,894,082	\$16,914,590	(\$20,508)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	368,908		368,908
Interest on total pension liability	1,355,401	260	1,355,401
Change of benefit terms		- 22%	
Difference between expected and actual experience	101,399	77.8	101,399
Change of assumptions	885,941	500 C	885,941
Contributions - employer	5 <u>44</u>	403,954	(403,954)
Contributions employee		240,245	(240,245)
Net investment income (loss)		1,746,492	(1,746,492)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(948,371)	(948,371)	
Refund of contributions	(131,946)	(131,946)	2.00
Administrative expense	55.	(13,315)	13,315
Other changes		(14,911)	14,911
Net changes	1,631,332	1,282,148	349,184
Balance at 12/31/20	\$18,525,414	\$18,196,738	\$328,676

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.1%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.6%	7.6%	8.6%
Total pension liability	\$20,541,505	\$18,525,414	\$16,809,714
Fiduciary net position	18,196,740	18,196,740	18,196,740
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$2,344,765	\$328,674	(\$1,387,026)

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tcdrs.org.</u>

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$(13,376). At September 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Investment (gains) or losses	Original Amount (\$394,850) (1,271,367) 1,559,566 (920,276) 88,236	Date Established 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017 12/31/2016	Original Recognition Period 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	Amount Recognized in 12/31/20 Expense (\$78,970) (254,273) 311,913 (184,055) 17,648	Balance of Deferred Inflows 12/31/20 \$315,880 762,821  184,056 	Balance of Deferred Outflows 12/31/2020 \$ 623,827  
Economic/demographic (gains) or losses	101,399 (935,372) (69,556) (41,246) 24,216	12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017 12/31/2016	4.0 4.0 4.0 5.0 5.0	25,350 (233,843) (17,389) (8,249) 4,844	 467,686 17,389 8,250 	76,049   
	885,941   107,574	12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017	4.0 4.0 4.0 5.0	221,485   21,515		664,456   21,514
Employer contributions made subsequent to measurement		12/31/2016	5.0	(\$174,024)		 279,823 \$1,665,669

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred Inflows/outflows to Be Recognized in Future Years

Year ended December 31,	
2021	(\$196,519)
2022	(8,337)
2023	(86,410)
2024	(78,970)
2025	<u></u>
	(\$370,236)

### F. Concentrations of Credit Risk

Taxes receivable are due from citizens and businesses within the County's boundaries. Risk of loss is immaterial due to wide dispersion of receivables and because of policies which address procedures for filing property tax liens. Fines receivable are due from citizens primarily within the County's boundaries. Risk of loss is reduced by an allowance for uncollectibles and collection policies.

G. Tax Abatements

The County negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The County has tax abatement agreements with a manufacturing facility and a wind farm under the authority of the Texas Property Redevelopment Act. The County has established an abatement policy for the value of eligible improvements, and a requirement for creating or preventing the loss of jobs. The tax abatement amount is determined by the Clay County Appraisal District (CCAD) under the terms of the abatement agreement. An abatement factor (given by CCAD's Tax Abatement Registry) is used to determine the portion of assessed taxable value excluded to determine the taxable value subject to the County's tax rate. If a default of the abatement agreement occurs during the agreement period, the County may apply established procedures to recapture abated taxes. Generally, abatement recipients agree to make eligible improvements and meet proposed employment targets.

Certain property improvements made during the improvement period are exempt from property taxes according to a multi year abatement schedule with decreasing amounts abated over a 7-10 year period. Property taxes assessed October 1, 2020 for fiscal year 2021 amounted to a 100% abatement or approximately \$105,189 for the manufacturing facility, and \$185,400 for the wind farms. Additionally, the wind farms make a payment in lieu of taxes to the County.

### H. Uncertainty

The state comptrollers office has reviewed cash transactions in an elected official's office and has identified certain noncompliance, which may result in an undetermined loss to the County. As discussed in footnote IV. A. Risk Management, the County carries insurance for that type of loss through participation in the Texas Association of Counties Intergovernmental Risk Pool which provides protection for risks of loss. Additionally, certain elected officials carry a bond to cover losses. In the opinion of management, the potential loss to the County exceeding the insurance coverage and bonds, if any, is not determinable at this time.

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# Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

# CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

EXHIBIT B-1

	-	Budgete	d Am	nounts			F	ariance with inal Budget Positive
	-	Original	-	Final	-	Actual	-	(Negative)
Revenues:	1.43		820		120		27	
Taxes	\$	4,867,829	\$	4,867,829	\$	4,928,967	\$	61,138
Licenses and permits		160,000		160,000		200,521		40,521
Intergovernmental		110,692		516,757		12,512		(504,245)
Fines and fees		375,700		375,700		494,960		119,260
Interest		12,500		12,500		15,699		3,199
Miscellaneous		1,283,424	-	1,283,424	_	1,346,357		62,933
Total revenues	-	6,810,145	-	7,216,210	-	6,999,016	<u>0</u>	(217,194)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		855,344		855,344		793,592		61,752
Judicial		781,406		782,406		673,633		108,773
Legal		192,544		192,544		176,786		15,758
Financial administration		271,707		271,707		220,286		51,421
Public facilities		158,386		158,386		149,769		8,617
Public Safety		2,633,088		2,633,088		2,508,747		124,341
Health and welfare		345,964		345,964		293,699		52,265
Conservation		115,729		115,729		91,626		24,103
Nondepartmental	15	1,644,105		2,116,057		1,399,352	-	716,705
Total expenditures		6,998,273		7,471,225		6,307,490		1,163,735
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(188,128)		(255,015)		691,526		946,541
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		20,000		20,000				(20,000)
Transfers out	-	(240,078)		(240,078)	-	(240,021)	_	(57)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(220,078)	-	(220,078)	_	(240,021)	-	19,943
Net change in fund balances		(408,206)		(475,093)		451,505		926,598
Fund balances, October 1		3,153,215		3,153,215		3,153,215		
Fund balances, September 30	\$	2,745,009	\$	2,678,122	\$_	3,604,720	\$	926,598

		Budgetee	d Amo	ounts			Fi	nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	_	Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues:	1.000 mar							0.000
Taxes	\$	303,184	\$	303,184	\$	306,116	\$	2,932
Licenses and permits		120,000		120,000		124,045		4,045
Intergovernmental		56,000		56,000		18,626		(37,374)
Fines and fees		24,000		24,000		33,014		9,014
Interest		750		750		851		101
Miscellaneous		5,000	1.1.1	5,000	<u>.</u>	5,700		700
Total revenues	31	508,934		508,934	-	488,352		(20,582)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public transportation		721,780	-	721,780	-	1,278,952	_	(557,172)
Total expenditures		721,780		721,780		1,278,952		(557,172)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(212,846)		(212,846)		(790,600)		(577,754)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		60,000		60,000		60,000		
Sale of capital assets				31 <del>4 -</del> 9		428,772		428,772
Capital leases					-	373,512		373,512
Total other financing sources (uses)		60,000	-	60,000	-	862,284	2	802,284
Net change in fund balances		(152,846)		(152,846)		71,684		224,530
Fund balances, October 1		205,007		205,007		205,007	_	
Fund balances, September 30	\$	52,161	\$	52,161	\$	276,691	\$	224,530

Variance with

CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS ROAD & BRIDGE NUMBER TWO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				ariance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues:	225		10.90		10			
Taxes	\$	245,040	\$	245,040	\$	247,637	\$	2,597
Licenses and permits		120,000		120,000		124,045		4,045
Intergovernmental		45,000		45,000		28,739		(16,261)
Fines and fees		24,000		24,000		30,572		6,572
Interest		250		250		176		(74)
Miscellaneous		4,000		4,000		4,869		869
Total revenues	3 <del>75</del> 9 <u>57</u> 93	438,290		438,290		436,038	2	(2,252)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public transportation		547,857		547,857		477,566		70,291
Total expenditures		547,857		547,857		477,566		70,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				0. 39.1 33				
(under) expenditures		(109,567)		(109,567)		(41,528)		68,039
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		60,000		60,000		60,000	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	60,000	34	60,000	0	60,000	-	
Net change in fund balances		(49,567)		(49,567)		18,472		68,039
Fund balances, October 1		44,964		44,964		44,964		575
Fund balances, September 30	\$	(4,603)	\$	(4,603)	\$	63,436	\$	68,039

CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS ROAD & BRIDGE NUMBER THREE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Budgete	d Am	ounts			- 50	ariance with nal Budget Positive
	2	Original		Final	00	Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues:	8 <del></del>		6-19-1					
Taxes	\$	410,506	\$	410,506	\$	414,911	\$	4,405
Licenses and permits		120,000		120,000		124,045		4,045
Intergovernmental		75,000		75,000		9,836		(65,164)
Fines and fees		34,000		34,000		37,557		3,557
Interest		250		250		666		416
Miscellaneous		6,000		6,000		8,226		2,226
Total revenues	19 <del>11 -</del>	645,756	1915 1917	645,756	-	595,241		(50,515)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public transportation		715,973	5-	715,973	-	678,651	-	37,322
Total expenditures		715,973	_	715,973	-	678,651		37,322
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(70,217)		(70,217)		(83,410)		(13,193)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		60,000		60,000		60,000		:##
Capital leases						29,336		29,336
Total other financing sources (uses)		60,000	-	60,000		89,336		(29,336)
Net change in fund balances		(10,217)		(10,217)		5,926		16,143
Fund balances, October 1		167,625		167,625		167,625		
Fund balances, September 30	\$	157,408	\$	157,408	\$	173,551	\$	16,143

CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS	
ROAD & BRIDGE NUMBER FOUR	
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE	Ē
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	), 2021

		Budgetee	d Am	ounts			A833	ariance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	_	Actual	_(	Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	431,935	\$	431,935	\$	436,840	\$	4,905
Licenses and permits		120,000		120,000		124,045		4,045
Intergovernmental		80,000		80,000		56,683		(23,317)
Fines and fees		34,000		34,000		38,473		4,473
Interest		1,000		1,000		1,524		524
Miscellaneous		7,000		7,000	6	17,111	-	10,111
Total revenues		673,935	-	673,935	-	674,676	-	741
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public transportation	_	839,734	-	839,734	-	755,023	-	84,711
Total expenditures		839,734	_	839,734		755,023		84,711
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(165,799)		(165,799)		(80,347)		85,452
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		60,000		60,000		60,000		
Capital leases		**	-		-	88,317	_	88,317
Total other financing sources (uses)		60,000	-	60,000	-	148,317	3	(88,317)
Net change in fund balances		(105,799)		(105,799)		67,970		173,769
Fund balances, October 1	507.00	368,183		368,183		368,183	600 <b>1</b>	
Fund balances, September 30	\$	262,384	\$	262,384	\$	436,153	\$	173,769

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN PLAN YEARS \*

						Plan Y	'ear						
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012		2011
Total pension liability:	25					28	8-25 877, 48	1222000000000		12			
Service cost	\$	368,908 \$	348,206 \$	374,296 \$	386,080 \$	398,393 \$	354,961 \$	339,370 \$	22 S	\$	**	\$	
Interest		1,355,401	1,378,708	1,338,896	1,269,025	1,187,398	1,134,318	1,065,724	<b>55</b> 0		3755		
Changes of benefit terms				(28,047)	121,588		121,229		**		**		••
Differences between expected													
and actual experience		885,941	(935,372)		(41,246)	24,216	(280,196)	9,847					( <b>**</b> )
Changes of assumptions		101,399		(69,556)	107,574	**	166,941	552	574				
Benefit payments, including refunds													
of employee contributions		(1,080,318)	(1, 118, 889)	(1,077,897)	(863,543)	(725,217)	(718,825)	(715,284)	223			-	
Net change in total pension liability	-	1,631,331	(327,347)	537,692	979,478	884,790	778,428	699,657					
Total pension liability - beginning		16,894,082	17,221,429	16,683,737	15,704,259	14,819,469	14,041,041	13,341,384				10,255	1000
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	18,525,413 \$	16,894,082 \$	17,221,429 \$	16,683,737 \$_	15,704,259 \$	14,819,469 \$	14,041,041 \$	**	\$		\$	
Plan fiduciary net position:													
Contributions - employer	\$	403,954 \$	361,622 \$	386,404 \$	352,239 \$	345,127 \$	333,546 \$	317,514 \$		\$	6225	\$	-
Contributions - employee		240,245	230,124	223,621	224,152	219,626	211,416	202,054					200
Net investment income		1,746,492	2,464,749	(299,528)	2,046,546	975,865	56,359	870,107			222		-
Benefit payments, including refunds				••									
of employee contributions		(1,080,318)	(1, 118, 891)	(1,077,897)	(863,543)	(725,217)	(718,825)	(715,284)			362		2.00
Administrative expense		(13,315)	(12,890)	(12,053)	(10,506)	(10,601)	(9,575)	(10,079)	172		175		(57)
Other		(14,911)	(15,692)	(12,352)	(3,948)	52,395	(120,817)	42,252	342				-
Net change in plan fiduciary	2												
net position		1,282,147	1,909,022	(791,805)	1,744,940	857,195	(247,896)	706,564					
Plan fiduciary net position													
- beginning		16,914,590	15,005,568	15,797,373	14,052,433	13,195,238	13,443,134	12,736,570			144		
Plan fiduciary net position													
- ending (b)	\$	18,196,737 \$	16,914,590 \$	15,005,568 \$	15,797,373 \$	14,052,433 \$	13,195,238 \$	13,443,134 \$		\$		\$	**
County's net pension								ALCO 104 104 104 104					
liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	328,676 \$	(20,508) \$	2,215,861 \$	886,364 \$	1,651,826 \$	1,624,231 \$	597,907 \$		\$		\$	1.00
Plan fiduciary net position													
as a percentage of the													
total pension liability		98.23%	100.12%	87.13%	94.69%	89.48%	89.04%	95.74%			••		122
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,432,077 \$	3,287,490 \$	3,194,584 \$	3,202,168 \$	3,137,511 \$	3,134,440 \$	2,886,490 \$		\$		\$	
County's net pension	्ज	0.00 <b>8</b> 000000000000000000000000000000000		2-0800-000-080-080-080-080-080-080-080-0	and a second a second of the	cosparandonast 1957							
liability as a percentage of													
covered-employee payroll		9.58%	-0.62%	69.36%	27.68%	52.65%	51.82%	20.71%					122
covered.employee payron		0.00.0	0.02.70	0010010			an an an an an 18						

### Notes to Schedule:

\* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled,

this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN PLAN YEARS \*

						Decembe	er 31,				
	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	403,954 \$	360,308 \$	350,765 \$	323,739 \$	345,127 \$	315,010 \$	311,741 \$	293,174 \$	274,093 \$	251,368
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(403,954)	(361,622)	(386,404)	(352,239)	(345,127)	(333,546)	(317,514)	(310,226)	(298,785)	(275,129)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	(1,314) \$	(35,639) \$	(28,500) \$	\$	(18,536) \$	(5,773) \$	(17,052) \$	(24,692) \$	(23,761)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,432,077 \$	3,287,480 \$	3,194,584 \$	3,202,168 \$	3,137,511 \$	3,020,226 \$	2,886,490 \$	2,768,408 \$	2,598,039 \$	2,501,176
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.77%	11.00%	12.10%	11.00%	11.00%	11.04%	11.00%	11.21%	11.50%	11.00%

Valuation date:

December 31, 2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed.
Remaining amortization period	4.1 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/17 valuation.
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.
Retirement age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benifits based on age.
	The average age at service retirement for recent retirement is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables for makles and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females,
	both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods in	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.
the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in	2016: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was increased rate was increased to 150%.
the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.
	2018: Employer contributions reflect that the current service rate was increased to 155%.
	2019: Employer contributions reflect that the current service rate was decreased to 150%.

2019: Employer contributions reflect that the current service rate was 2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended September 30, 20201

### STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on the GAAP basis of accounting for the general fund and all special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The County Judge is, by statute, the Budget Officer of the County and has the responsibility of preparing the County's budget. Under the County's budgeting procedures, each department submits a budget request to the County Judge. The County Judge reviews budget requests and holds informal hearings when needed. Before October 1, a proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners' Court. A public hearing is then held and the Commissioners' Court takes action on the proposed budget. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenues and available fund balance.

Once the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the County to prevent expenditures from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping members of the Commissioners' Court advised of the conditions of the various funds and accounts.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund. Any transfers of appropriations are first approved by the Commissioners' Court. Thus, the legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. No significant supplemental appropriations were required during the year.

Encumbrance accounting is not employed by the County because it is not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control.

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# Combining Statements and Budget Comparisons as Supplementary Information

This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-3)		
\$ <u>655,652</u> \$ <u>655,652</u>	\$ <u>655,652</u> \$ <u>655,652</u>		
\$ <u>655,652</u> 655,652	\$ <u>655,652</u> <u>655,652</u> \$ <u>655,652</u>		
	Revenue Funds \$ 655,652 \$ 655,652 \$ 655,652		

### **EXHIBIT C-2**

# CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TOT THE TEXT ENDED OF TEMPETTOD, 2021	Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)
Revenues:		
Fines and fees	\$ 103,986	\$ 103,986
Interest	871	871
Total revenues	104,857	104,857
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	41,785	41,785
Legal	7,422	7,422
Public Safety	350,251	350,251
Nondepartmental	33,369	33,369
Total expenditures	432,827	432,827
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		
(under) expenditures	(327,970)	(327,970)
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in	21	21
Total other financing sources (uses)	21	21
Net change in fund balances	(327,949)	(327,949)
Fund balances, October 1	983,601	983,601
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 655,652	\$ 655,652

CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS		Records anagement Fee	_	Court Reporter Service		Records eservation		ourthouse Security
Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$ \$	261,715 261,715	\$ \$	33,341 33,341	\$ \$	37,712 37,712	\$ \$	105,168 105,168
FUND BALANCES								
Fund balances: <i>Restricted</i> Total fund balances	\$	261,715 261,715	\$	33,341 33,341	\$	37,712 37,712	\$	105,168
	\$	261,715	\$	33,341	\$	37,712	\$	105,168

# EXHIBIT C-3

	unty rney		Sheriff's Forfeiture		Juvenile Case Manager	_Τε	Court echnology	F	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue unds (See xhibit C-1)
\$ \$	2	\$ \$	169,426 169,426	\$ \$	20,891 20,891	\$ \$	27,397 27,397	\$ \$	655,652 655,652
\$	2	\$	<u>169,426</u> 169,426	\$	<u>20,891</u> 20,891	\$	27,397 27,397	\$	655,652 655,652
\$	2	\$	169,426	\$	20,891	\$	27,397	\$	655,652

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	N	Records Management Fee		Court Reporter Service		Records reservation	(	Courthouse Security
Revenues:								
Fines and fees	\$	60,846	\$	1,955	\$	5,033	\$	15,598
Interest	8 <u>81</u>		311	52125	07:55			
Total revenues	1	60,846		1,955	-	5,033		15,598
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		41,785				3 <del>900</del>		<del>77.7</del> 6
Legal		-		0.550		377		100 C
Public Safety				2 <u>49</u> 7		1990 - C		227
Nondepartmental						122		4,445
Total expenditures		41,785		: <del>**</del> *	-			4,445
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		19,061		1,955		5,033		11,153
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in								940 - Contra Con
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	10 12					
Net change in fund balances		19,061		1,955		5,033		11,153
Fund balances, October 1		242,654		31,386		32,679		94,015
Fund balances, September 30	\$	261,715	\$	33,341	\$	37,712	\$	105,168

### **EXHIBIT C-4**

County Attorney		Sheriff's Forfeiture	Juvenile Case Manager	Court Technology	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
\$	270	\$	\$ 11,054	\$ 9,230	\$ 103,986
-	270	<u> </u>	11,054	9,230	871 104,857
			<del></del>	770	41,785
	291		7,131		7,422
		350,251	22 S		350,251
				28,924	33,369
-	291	350,251	7,131	28,924	432,827
	(21)	(349,380)	3,923	(19,694)	(327,970)
	21				21
1	21				21
		(349,380)	3,923	(19,694)	(327,949)
	2	518,806	16,968	47,091	983,601
\$	2	\$ 169,426	\$ 20,891	\$ 27,397	\$ 655,652

# CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS RECORDS MANAGEMENT FEE

RECORDS MANAGEMENT FEE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budget	 Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines and fees	\$38,050	\$ 60,846	\$	22,796
Total revenues	38,050	 60,846		22,796
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	208,731	41,785		166,946
Total expenditures	208,731	41,785		166,946
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			65	
(under) expenditures	(170,681)	19,061		189,742
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(20,000)			20,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,000)	 	-	20,000
Net change in fund balances	(190,681)	19,061		209,742
Fund balances, October 1	242,654	242,654		
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 51,973	\$ 261,715	\$	209,742

	Budget	20	Actual	(	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		(2)		220	2000
Fines and fees	\$1,200	\$	1,955	\$	755
Total revenues	1,200		1,955	64	755
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	10,000				10,000
Total expenditures	10,000	-			10,000
Net change in fund balances	(8,800)		1,955		10,755
Fund balances, October 1	31,386		31,386		
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 22,586	\$	33,341	\$	10,755

# CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS RECORDS PRESERVATION

RECORDS PRESERVATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	I	Budget	÷	Actual		/ariance Positive Negative)
Revenues:	2		12	0.01.0	310	101000
Fines and fees	\$	2,500	\$	5,033	\$	2,533
Total revenues		2,500	2.00	5,033		2,533
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		31,664		(22)		31,664
Total expenditures	0	31,664				31,664
Net change in fund balances		(29,164)		5,033		34,197
Fund balances, October 1		32,679		32,679		3 <del>772</del>
Fund balances, September 30	\$	3,515	\$	37,712	\$	34,197

# CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS COURTHOUSE SECURITY

COURTHOUSE SECURITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Budget		Actual		/ariance Positive Negative)
Revenues:	¢	10.050	•	45 500	•	1.010
Fines and fees	\$	10,650	\$	15,598	\$	4,948
Total revenues		10,650		15,598		4,948
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Nondepartmental	(a)	60,959	5-5-	4,445		56,514
Total expenditures	19 <u>1</u>	60,959	2	4,445	2	56,514
Net change in fund balances		(50,309)		11,153		61,462
Fund balances, October 1		94,015		94,015		
Fund balances, September 30	\$	43,706	\$	105,168	\$	61,462

CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS COUNTY ATTORNEY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Fines and fees	\$1,000	\$ <u>270</u>	\$(730)
Total revenues	1,000	270	(730)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Legal	1,078	291	787
Total expenditures	1,078	291	787
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		2	
(under) expenditures	(78)	(21)	57
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	78	21	(57)
Total other financing sources (uses)	78	21	(57)
Net change in fund balances	3773	0775	6755
Fund balances, October 1	2	2	
Fund balances, September 30	\$2	\$2	\$

CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS JUVENILE CASE MANAGER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Budget	 Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues:	220	825 Mar 200	ACK 22254	121	12/12/2010
Fines and fees	\$	8,000	\$ 11,054	\$	3,054
Total revenues		8,000	 11,054		3,054
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Legal		7,168	7,131		37
Total expenditures		7,168	 7,131		37
Net change in fund balances		832	3,923		3,091
Fund balances, October 1	51	16,968	16,968		
Fund balances, September 30	\$	17,800	\$ 20,891	\$	3,091

# CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS COURT TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

GY FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	 Budget		Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues:					
Fines and fees	\$ 5,250	\$	9,230	\$	3,980
Total revenues	 5,250		9,230		3,980
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Nondepartmental	30,450		28,924		1,526
Total expenditures	 30,450	<u> 19</u>	28,924	<u>v</u>	1,526
Net change in fund balances	(25,200)		(19,694)		5,506
Fund balances, October 1	47,091		47,091	11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 21,891	\$	27,397	\$	5,506

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CLAY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS	District Clerk	County Clerk	Sheriff Agency
A55E15			
Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$ <u>315,915</u> 315,915	\$ <u>100,683</u> 100,683	\$ <u>142,253</u> 142,253
LIABILITIES			
Due to other governments Due to others Total Liabilities			 129,773 129,773
Net Position Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments Total Net Assets	<u>315,915</u> \$ <u>315,915</u>	<u> </u>	12,480 \$12,480

)	Tax Assessor Collector	At	county ttorney gency		County reasurer	 Officer's Fee		Total Custodial Funds (See Exhibit A-7)
\$	1,420,923	\$	535	\$	7,532	\$ 79,576	\$	2,067,417
	1,420,923		535		7,532	 79,576	2. <del></del>	2,067,417
	1,420,804				-	75,388		1,496,192
_	119		535		7,532	4,188	2	145,019
	1,420,923		535	-	7,532	 79,576	<u>1</u>	1,641,211
70.000				- 24		 int.		426,206
\$		\$	**	\$		\$ 	\$	426,206

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	 District Clerk			-	Sheriff	
Additions:						
Tax collections	\$ 			\$	0.000	
Fees of office			600		60,600	
Receipts from fiduciaries	70		170		1.11	
Miscellaneous	 247,437				35,876	
Total Additions	 247,507		770	-	96,476	
Deductions:						
Payments to county			**		215	
Payments to other governments	1,978		<b>2</b> 77		1,500	
Payments to beneficiaries	58,449				69,588	
Other			**		30,765	
Total Deductions	 60,427			_	102,068	
Change in Net Position	187,080		770		(5,592)	
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	128,835		97,041		18,072	
Net Position-End of the Year	\$ 315,915	\$	97,811	\$	12,480	

_	Tax Assessor Collector		County Attorney		County Treasurer			Officer's Fee		Total Custodial Funds (See Exhibit A-8)
\$	4,150,656	\$		\$			\$		\$	4,150,656
			2,843			20		937,158		1,001,221
	1,889				<b>77</b> 3			355		2,129
_			653	_	2,4	68	-			286,434
-	4,152,545	<u>-</u>	3,496		2,4	88		937,158		5,440,440
	593,113		270		125			568,548		1,162,146
	2,601,069				***			245,719		2,850,266
	4,114		3,226		2,4	88		32,230		170,095
	954,249		-					90,661		1,075,675
_	4,152,545	-	3,496	No.	2,4	88		937,158	11.12	5,258,182
	-									182,258
0,55		100		_	227		_			243,948
\$		\$		\$			\$		\$	426,206

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